

Every interesting information that you need to know about the marble supplier is here!!

Marble has fascinated artisans and decorators throughout history. Marble is a metamorphic stone that was a central part of the classical architecture of Ancient Greece and Rome. This elegant natural marble is suitable for countertop, wall, and flooring; throughout commercial and residential properties. It remains a prestige item in today's design world. Iran is the largest producer of marble in the world. There are important marble mines everywhere in Iran, and according to a recent report by the SBWire Research Center, Iran has been named the largest marble producer in the world from 2013 to 2018. Is. There is much information about marble suppliers in this article, so read this article.

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Marble supplier countries.

Iran is the largest producer of marble in the world and all parts of Iran, there are important mines of marble, such as Shahin Deja Green Green, Azarshahr Narrow Green Water, Abbas Abad Jolfa Green, Sabz Turan Green behind Yazd. In the latest global statistics, Iran, along with China and India, ranks first in the world in marble production. The three Asian countries, China, India, and Iran, remain the world's largest marble producers, according to an annual report by SBWire. It can be interesting to you that the Iran mining sector is among the 15 mineral powers in the world and is one of the richest countries in terms of mineral resources and is rich in many mineral reserves in the world. Iran is one of a marble supplier. A study of the situation of a marble supplier in the world shows that Iran as a marble supplier in the world has a global position in 13 minerals, and among the minerals and mineral products studied in the production of gypsum compared to other minerals produced in the country, the second-largest share in the world. Is dedicated to. Iran ranks 40th in the world with 40 billion tons of definite stone reserves and fourth in the world with 4 billion tons of definite decorative stone reserves. Of course, other than Iran, other countries such as China and India are known as a marble supplier. And each of these countries, India and China, is working as a serious and strong marble supplier. Along with the marble suppliers, since 2016, European countries have been the largest consumers of marble in the world, accounting for 29% of global consumption. In addition to Europe, marble consumption is also significant in the United States, India, and China.





Problems with a marble supplier.

The marble supplier industry is one of the most entrenched industries in the economy of any country. One of the problems with marble suppliers is the problem of transporting these stones, which often causes problems for marble suppliers. Non-technical extraction and processing of stone are some of the problems faced by a marble supplier. For example, the working thickness of facade stones is between 18 and 20 mm. This is due to the old machines and their low accuracy in cutting and processing stones. Another problem with marble suppliers is that there is no proper advertising and information. How to advertise and provide information about the types of raw, semi-finished, and processed stones, despite the annual exhibitions of the stone, which is itself commendable, is still not satisfactory.





Industry abilities of a marble supplier in domestic and foreign Iran's markets.

Statistics show that Iran is the fourth-largest marble supplier of building stone in the world after Italy, China, and India. The world's reserves of building stones reach about 15 billion tons, including granites, marbles, travertines, and marbles, among which, the variety of colors and quality of Iranian stones with 4.7 million tons of reserves is in the first place in the world. In terms of quality on a limited and island basis, it can be said that at least more than 50 factories in Iran can meet global standards and their stone is available in European markets. But in a little discussion, we can say that there are more than 6,500 factories, the majority of which have low-quality, low-quality products that are only available in the domestic market or at low prices in neighboring countries. As a result, Iranian marble suppliers should try to improve the quality of their products. This will increase the sales of their products also. The country's 6,500 factories have modern machinery, the total potential of which is now sufficient to convert 25 million tons of raw stone into processed stone per year. Today's domestic market demand is about 8 million tons. The export sector is currently 2 million tons; As a result, there is an empty capacity of 15 million tons. Now, if the major machines of these units are modernized and this capacity reaches at least 40 million tons, there is no market for it. As a result, if marble suppliers do not modernize and at the same time consider the conditions of marketing and sales capability, they will not be able to pay for the investment made in the coming years. But that doesn't mean that no marble supplier should go for modernization. In the last three decades, the Iranian stone market for marble suppliers has gradually flourished due to the increase in extraction and production capacities in processing and updating technology in domestic and foreign

dimensions. Over the past 20 years, several Iranian stone processing plants have been equipped with advanced technology to increase quality, but for various reasons, despite the modernization of equipment, we have not been able to play a real role in the export of this industry in the country. 1992 is still in the domestic market and no proper investment has been made to enter foreign markets. Therefore, the development of the mining industry in Iran and getting out of the current unfavorable situation requires two fundamental changes in the beginning. First, changing the government's view of the mining sector, in other words, prioritizing job creation and increasing production instead of generating mere income and career prospects such as the mining sector. The second; is the standard and optimization of the industry. In any case, it is necessary to reform the structure of the country's masonry factories with the support of the government or to attract foreign investors by amending the necessary laws and regulations and creating a suitable environment. At the same time, the necessary infrastructure for participation in global markets has been provided for Iran's stone industry, and by using the natural advantage, variety of colors and a high volume of available reserves of stone mines, the country's stone industry can be unique global position.



